

PHASE IX - 136TH INFANTRY REGIMENT HISTORY

Relief at CASSINO, rest, replacements and preparation for departure for ANZIO; departure for and period of static defense at ANZIO.

The first few days spent at SAN ANGELO D'ALIFE were spent in resting and relaxing, cleaning up and taking showers, and setting up a Regimental Bivouac. On the 17th of February, the first phase of training was begun. One and a half hours were devoted daily to training, and the remainder of the day was devoted to resting and relaxing. This policy continued until the end of the month. Around the 19th of the month the Battalions received two months pay and several hundred men were sent to CASERTA, near NAPLES, on "Rest-Leave". The 2nd Battalion held a Battalion dance at the Dukes Palace in PIEDMONT on the 19th and enjoyment was had by all.

The 1st Battalion had their practice parade on the 21st February cancelled, to prepare for their banquet which was held in PIEDMONT at 1730 hours (everyone molto umbrigo!). General Butler visited the 1st Battalion area on the 23rd (probably tried to discover what happened on the 22nd February the day after the party; no one recalled it. Phase two of the training period began on the 26th February which called for a full days training schedule.

During the first week in March, the Regiment was engaged in continuing the training program arranged for the previous month. A re-organization under a new Table of Organization and Table of Equipment, dated 15 July 1943, was in progress. The new T/O authorized 3100 enlisted men and 152 officers. The new T/E authorized 314 vehicles for the Regiment.

On March 6, Lt. Colonel W. Sweeting assumed command of the Regiment, superseding Lt. Colonel Everest who had commanded the Regiment from the

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day Colonel Ward was wounded at CASSINO. Also on this day, one officer and non-commissioned officer from each Company responsible to the assistant S-3, departed from the SAN ANGELO D'ALIFE area for CALORE to lay out a bivouac for the Regiment. Time, on the next two days in the Regiment, was divided between training and preparing to move to the new area at CALORE. On the 9th of March, the entire Regiment mounted trucks and were on their way from SAN ANGELO D'ALIFE to CALORE. This took all morning, and the day came to a finish seeing the troops establishing the bivouac area.

While this training cycle progressed, the Regimental Commander frequently addressed the Unit Commanders, and took a personal interest in the training program, making inspections and addresses to the troops. The training program was expanded with the arrival of large numbers of replacements and the program included many defensive night problems, smoke firing problems, and known distance range work. Schools were conducted for the communications and intelligence personnel of the Regiment. This particular period of training lasted until the 11th of March. The combat strength of the 135th Infantry was considerably increased on March 11th as a result of the assignment of 140 enlisted men and 20 officers of whom the latter were placed on temporary duty with the Regiment.

Plans for the move first to BIGNOLI staging area and finally to the ANZIO beachhead were promulgated by the Regimental Commander. Meetings with the Battalion and Separate Unit Commanders were frequently called in order to work out details for the move.

On the 20th of March, the Regimental Commander, accompanied by his Battalion Commanders, left the CALORE area, to go to the ANZIO Beachhead for reconnaissance. The group proceeded, first, to the NAPLES area and embarked for the beachhead the following morning. The actual move of the Regiment was to be conducted by the Executive Officer.

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The movement of the Regiment from CALORE to the staging area at BAGNOLI was planned in 2 phases. The plan stipulated that the 1st Battalion and Special Units would leave for the staging area on March 21st and embark on LST's the following day. The 2nd and 3rd Battalions were scheduled to leave for the staging area on March 22nd and embark for the beachhead on March 23rd.

Everything went according to plan, for the 21st, the 1st Battalion and Special Units left CALORE in trucks arriving at the Staging Area about 1300 hours the same day. The name of the staging area at BAGNOLI was "Texas".

On the following day, the troops in the first contingent under the command of the S-3, boarded LST's at NISIDA harbor, a small harbor North of Naples, after a 3 mile march to the docks from the staging area.

After an uneventful journey, the first troops of Regiment arrived at the harbor at ANZIO at 0700 hours, the 23rd of March, and were subject to a few scattered rounds of artillery fire from the enemy. The voyage took approximately eleven hours and the troops ate two meals aboard ship.

Immediately upon disembarking from the LST's, the troops were guided to waiting trucks and driven to their respective assembly areas.

The beachhead at ANZIO was a place unique in the experience of the Regiment. A small piece of completely flat land, measuring less than 10 miles at its widest point and no more than 3 miles deep, heavily cultivated and criss-crossed with canals, and drainage ditches --- these few square miles were so congested with troops and equipment that at times it seemed impossible to find a vacant place to dig a hole or pitch a pup tent. For this reason the bulk of the units transportation had been left behind at NAPLES where it was used to bring up supplies from the ports and dumps to the forward areas of the Southern front in preparation

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for the gigantic Spring offensive that was even then in an advance stage of planning.

At ANZIO the Regiment learned a new type of warfare; they learned that the enemy, from the hills overlooking the beachhead, could see everything that went on in our sector during the day-light. They learned to dig in to the sides of the ditches and stream beds and to remain under cover during the day, coming out at night to stretch their legs and to keep watch against the ever-present possibility of a German attack. The Infantry learned the routine of manning defensive positions, posting guard making patrols and being relieved. The Artillery perfected the shattering technique of coordinate artillery fire in which the shells from hundreds of guns arrived on their target at the same instant. (This was popularly known as Time on Target - T T). The Signal Company operated its scores of miles of telephone wire, learned to lay its lines away from the most likely objectives of German Artillery fire, to dig in all their switchboards and to provide for alternate channels of communication. The Engineers learned the difficulty of laying barbed wire entanglements and minefields at night under cover of infantry patrols. The entire Regiment shared the same life in damp and dismal holes, under a constant hammering from German artillery and aircraft.

When the Regiment had arrived at the beachhead, the enemy had just failed in two concerted attempts to drive the Allies into the sea, and no one could be sure that they would not try a third time.

A Regimental Command Post was established and on the following day, the 24th of March, the remainder of the Regiment under the command of the Executive Officer Lt. Col. Charles B. Everest, arrived at the beachhead. This included the 3rd Battalion, and 2nd Battalion, who entered their assembly areas in that order also.

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Prior to the relief of the 7th Infantry by the 135th Infantry, Lt. Col. Harry W. Sweeting, 135th Regimental Commander, made daily reconnaissance activities of his subordinate Commanders and staff so as not to hamper the activities of the 7th Infantry Regiment. In order to fully orient the units of the Regiment, the Regimental Commander acquired from the 7th Infantry Command Post, all of their current overlays pertaining to dispositions, gun positions, wire, mine fields, and map reference points. These overlays were reproduced and disseminated to all units concerned within the Regiment.

On the night of 25-26, the 1st Battalion and Anti-tank Company initiated the relief of the 7th Infantry. The Regimental Commander and the Executive Officer left for the 7th Infantry Command Post early in the evening and upon their arrival, Lt. Colonel Omahandro, Commanding Officer, 7th Infantry, and also held a conference with the Commanders of the various supporting weapons units.

When the relief of the Anti-tank Company and 2nd Battalion of the 7th Infantry had been completed between 0100 and 0330 hours, the 135th Anti-tank Company and our 1st Battalion were placed under the command of the 7th Infantry.

On the 26th of April, the 1st Battalion raided the enemy positions to their front with a reinforced platoon and was forced to withdraw because of terrific mortar and artillery fire. The raids during this period were almost nightly; it was never necessary to go any great distance from our lines, as the German lines were only 50 yards away, just out of hand grenade range.

On the night of 27-28, the 3rd Battalion moved out of its assembly area by truck and relieved the 3rd Battalion of the 7th Infantry. The Regimental Commanding Officer S-3, adjutant and assistant Adjutant left

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this night also for the Command-Post of the 7th Infantry. All but the Regimental Commander remained throughout the night. The relief of the 1st Battalion, 7th Infantry, was accomplished about midnight of the 27th of March by the 2nd Battalion, 135th Infantry. The relief of the 3rd Battalion was uneventful with the exception that one squad from "L" Company received three casualties from enemy artillery fire during the relief. Just before dawn, the S-3 of the 3rd Battalion, reported hearing several tanks to their front, behind Hill 88, and all companies of the 3rd Battalion were immediately alerted. The last night in the lines, the 1st Battalion and 3rd Battalion received a normal amount of harassing artillery fire and experienced no unusual enemy activity. The men had been impressed with the necessity of digging in and needed no reminder when they experienced air raids, and heard heavy siege gun shells from the enemy in the staging area in the vicinity of NETTUNO. Falling flak from anti-aircraft guns was a menace both here and in later positions on the beach-head. The 1st and 3rd Battalions were on the line approximately 3 kilometers southwest of CISTERNA D. LITTORIA, and the 2nd Battalion Anti-tank and Cannon Companies, and Regimental Headquarters were grouped around CAMPO MORFO, and the vicinity to the Northeast. The 188th Infantry was on the right flank and with the relief of the 3rd Division completed on 29 March, the 180th Infantry Regiment of the 48th Division was on the left.

On March 29, the G-3 informed the Regiment that they were to experiment with 3 81mm "grapnel" hook shells, 6 WP rifle grenades, and 300 Molotov cocktails, with a report to be submitted on a later date on the success or failure of the experiment.

Also on this night, the Regimental Commander was notified by the Commanding General, that the Regiment had officially relieved the 3rd

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Division and was completely responsible for the sector. Responsibility for the defense of ANZIO Beachhead Southwest of CISTERNA which existed for the greater part of the Month of April was mostly in the form of defense in depth with innumerable aggressive patrols penetrating the enemy's lines continually.

On the front of the Regiment, the enemy units consisted of the 362nd Infantry Division, a recently formed organization, who were not outstandingly good but who maintained a very high standard of alertness in their defensive. After a time it became clear that the Germans had abandoned the offensive and the 135th Infantry conducted a series of well-coordinated raids to secure information on enemy units, on their tactics and their defensive positions. Never before had the agencies used to collect information about the Germans, worked so well together. Aerial photographs, interpreted at headquarters, only a few hours after they had been taken, were used to pin-point enemy weapon positions. Prisoners taken by the Infantry were carefully questioned for facts about enemy tactics, supply and other matters. The artillery staffs built up a complete picture of the opposing gun lay-out, and after almost two months of hard work, our knowledge of the enemy opposite us was complete and accurate almost to the last detail. During this period, also, our own troops had been relieved by turns, and as each unit passed into Reserve it went to a training school, where veterans could pass on the benefit of their experience to the large numbers of fresh replacements. At no time did the Regiment delude itself with the idea that the current defensive phase was anything but temporary. No one, (especially as the beachhead became more and more crowded with the steady influx of troops and supplies) had any desire to remain a sitting target for the Germans any longer than was necessary. All day and all night, the Germans artillery shot harassing

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fires at our dumps, or forward positions and our supply lines. It was difficult for them to miss-- so congested was the area. At night, their artillery program was stepped up to take advantage of the fact that traffic on the roads was increased, since we could only move supplies by night.

At night, activity on our part, as well as that of the Germans, consisted largely of aggressive patrolling and sending out raiding parties. To respite the German artillery barrages, we brought up tanks for direct and indirect firing. Colonel Sweeting made frequent reconnaissance trips in the field artillery Cubs to observe the enemy and to check on the concealment of our positions, All of which were under direct observation of the enemy on the high ground of the beachhead periphery. The defensive situation continued through the 27th of April and there was no slackening in the constant exchange of artillery, mortar, tank and small arms fire, as well as almost nightly Air raids by the Germans. Rocket guns also were used by the enemy. Illustrative of the shelling from the enemy were the events on 13 April when all Battalions areas were shelled throughout a 24-hour period, and the average number of rounds coming in at one time numbering between 12 to 20 rounds. Forty rounds landed in the vicinity of the 2nd Battalion Command Post, and the area held by Company "F" was bombed from the air at the same time. On 16 April, 4 men were killed and 7 wounded at the same Command Post, and later in the day a 50 round concentration killed 3 men. The enemy also fired propaganda leaflets.

On 14 April before the break of day, it was reported that the 133rd Infantry had completed its relief of 168th Infantry on the right flank of the 135th Infantry. 3 days later, approximately 50 replacements arrived for assignment in the ranks of the Regiment. Patrolling and raiding con-

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tinued and on 26 April, the 3rd Battalion executed "Charlie" Plan.

"CHARLIE PLAN"

After adequate reconnaissance the plan, routes, and sites were decided upon. (See Sketch - Charlie Plan.) The following problems remained: 1. Movement of tanks to assembly area by secrecy or deception in order to gain surprise; 2. Removal of enem. mined-fields and possible "wildcat" freindly mines; 3. Neutralization of enemy supporting fires, especially anti-tank weapons.

Tank and Infantry personnel made joint reconnaissances. The Tankers elected the route after accepting advice from the Infantry who had been on the ground for sometime, and then the Infantry probed for mines along the route of approach as far as enemy reaction allowed them to move at night. In this way a path was cleared almost to the objective. The Engineers were consulted in this work but furnished no personnel to assist in the work.

The Infantry and Tank personnel who were to participate in the raid practiced together for three days running several rehearsals at the appropriate time of day.

Artillery and Infantry Heavy Weapons supporting fires were planned as shown by the sketch.

It was planned to use a special "Smoke Observer" in the person of the Chemical Mortar Company Commander to adjust the smoke. It was planned to screen the basic smoke screen with a second smoke screen to be laid by the artillery. Smoke was to be laid wide to either flank; and a second screen somewhat deeper in enemy territory was to be developed before the desired section of screen was laid for the raid by Chemical mortars. It was hoped to be able to deceive the enemy as to the exact

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location of the raid, until it was too late for him to react.

Infantry automatic and heavy weapons were to be used on both flanks of the raid with the double purpose of neutralizing supporting enemy fires and effecting diversion.

It was planned to bring eight tanks into the assembly area about midnight, have three of them fire for about five minutes and withdraw. It was hoped to create the illusion that all of the tanks had withdrawn. (Actually the tank surprise was complete, but it is believed that the enemy did not notice or did not analyze correctly any tank sounds at all until it was too late. The ruse might still be effective against a sharper enemy.) A pair of overwatching M-10's were to move into position at the same time as the tanks. (See sketch).

PLAN OF MANEUVER:

At 0525 the artillery preparation was to be initiated simultaneously, with starting the tank motors. It was estimated that it would take fifteen minutes to warm the tank motors (not too well) and to move to the MLR. The Infantry were to be loaded on the tank decks in the Assembly Area so that there would be no stopping of the tanks until they reached the objective. A blocking squad was also to take up position previous to this time and under cover of darkness. This squad was to insure that the SANTA MARIA would be available to the raiding squad when it returned with prisoners. It was also to cover the flanks and rear of the raiding squad as they went in as well as when they were withdrawing.

About five minutes after the initiation of the artillery fires, the artillery was to start its smoke screen and the chemical mortars were to start throwing smoke well out to the flanks. It was planned to place a light general area smoke of the objective, to limit observation to 200-300 yards.

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When the tanks arrived at the MLR the rest of the supporting fires were to be placed as indicated by the sketch and the schedule. The overwatching TD's were not to fire unless they detected enemy armor or enemy anti-tank guns firing.

The tanks were to transport the Infantry directly to the objective which was House "Y" and vicinity, cover the Infantry with supporting cannon and machine gun fire until the raiding squad had captured its prisoners and withdrawn to the security of the SANTA MARIA. The tanks were then free to withdraw under cover of the TD's and the supporting artillery and heavy weapons fire of the Infantry. The tank plan was to position two supporting tanks in slight defilade near the MLR and to close with three tanks. Four Infantrymen rode on each tank. An additional mission of the tanks was to breach the wire at the house if that should be necessary. It was not thought that it would be necessary for the tanks to go around the house to accomplish their mission and it was considered that this would entail unnecessary risk of equipment in this case because of the lack of knowledge of the mine fields in that area and because the scope of the raid did not indicate such a risk of equipment.

COMMUNICATIONS AND CONTROL:

The Battalion Commander took post at a Out Post and maintained contact with the tanks through a tank radio operator using an SCR-509. This set remained close to the Battalion Commander throughout the action. The Battalion Commander maintained contact with the Infantry blocking squad by SCR-500. By phone the Battalion Commanding Officer had direct contact with all supporting weapons and in addition with a second Out-Post at which were situated the Chemical Company Commanding Officer, the Regimental Artillery Liaison Officer, a Tank Destroyer Liaison Officer,

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and the Regimental Commander. The Battalion Commander had communications with the Tank Destroyer Liaison Officer at the Regimental Out-Post and with the overwatching M-10's direct through a radio SCR-609 which was placed in operation at the Battalion Command Post. Phone wire communications were used almost exclusively.

THE ACTION:

The plan developed successfully. The two M-10's got into position on time and so did four out of five of the tanks. One tank fell out on the march to the assembly area and was not reported until after the firing tanks had left the area. The plan was then modified to have only one tank remain in support in the overwatching position near the MLR.

The raid was delayed ten minutes because of poor light conditions, but there was no confusion entailed because of the excellent communications at that time. Ten minutes later the action started as planned. The smoke screen developed nicely in about eight minutes, but there was just a little trouble in getting exactly what was wanted because of an eight mile an hour breeze from fifty degrees which was the worst possible direction that the wind could have chosen to be blowing from. Despite this fact the smoke was good, well-laid and effective.

The remainder of the artillery and other supporting fires were placed just as the tanks crossed the MLR (this was controlled from the Battalion Out-Post and was not entirely dependent on time schedule although the approximate time had been figured and considered. The problem ran a little faster here than it was thought possible.)

The supporting tank took up position and fired too close to the Infantry troops in the vicinity but it was directed to correct its fires immediately and there was no further discrepancy on that part. The lead tank approached the house from the West and struck a mine about twenty-five yards from the house. The tank crew remained in the tank and supported the Infantry by fire and the Infantry detail riding on the back of the tank immediately dismounted and went to work searching

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out the enemy. Searching describes the action rather accurately because the enemy was not resisting except that most remained concealed. One German-speaking American soldier called out for the enemy to give himself up and that brought out a couple from hiding. All three tanks were in position by now, supporting the raid by fires on all suspected supporting positions and keeping a watchful eye on the action right close by. The enemy was in small groups about the building but none appeared to be directly in the house which was being mortared briskly by either sherts from our own fire or by the enemy. (It is thought that this fire was enemy mortar fire because it was heavier type shell than we were using at this particular point.)

In a few minutes the raiding party had either killed or captured all the enemy personnel that they could find in the vicinity of the house (The prisoners later stated that a couple of machine gunners had withdrawn and escaped at the beginning of the raid. The prisoners also stated that the Platoon Command-Post was only about one hundred yards on beyond House "Y" but these facts were learned after the raid was over.

The raiding squad of twelve men captured six enemy, killed one for sure, and returned with only one slight casualty by way of the SANTA MARIA. The blocking squad covered the raiding party until it had cleared the battlefield and then returned without a casualty.

The Tank Commander of the disabled tank decided that the tank was so badly damaged that recovery so close to the enemy lines would be impracticable. A double or triple mine had been hit and the belly of the tank had been stove in as well as smashing the tracks and front boggies. He accordingly had the tank destroyed by setting thermite grenades on the transmission and final drive. The members of the tank Platoon suffered no casualties. All tanks except the one which hit the mine returned without damage.

RESULTS:

6 Prisoners of War

1 Enemy Killed (confirmed)

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REACTION TO THE RAID:

The enemy reaction to the raid was one of complete surprise and ineffective local reaction. They had not heard the tanks at all some of them saw the Infantry before they saw the tanks. They stated that they were surrounded so swiftly that they did not have a chance to use their weapons. They did not resist but were reluctant to leave their trenches until routed out and ordered to do so., only a couple responding when directed to surrender in German.

The entire raid took twenty-eight minutes.

This report of the "Charlie Plan" was submitted by Harry W. Sweetin Lieutenant Colonel, Commanding the 135th Regiment at this time. (The forementioned "SANTA MARIA" in this plan, was probably a church or building. Exact facts of what it really was is not available at this writing.)

The relief of the 135th Infantry by the 168th started on 27 April, and was completed on the last day of the month. The Battalion Commander of the 3rd Battalion requested and was granted permission to truck his Battalion to their reserve area upon completion of their relief by the 168th Infantry rather than marching to the new area. The move put the Anti-tank Company in the vicinity North of TRE CANCELLI, the 1st and 2nd Battalions near CAMPO MORTO, and the Regimental Headquarters just South of LE FERRIERE.

About this time, it was decided that the Regimental Headquarters would publish a news bulletin which was to be distributed down to, and including, squads on the front lines. However, it was decided to hold the plan in abeyance, temporarily, because the work of a tactical nature had priority on the limited amount of time available. The problem of disseminating the daily news to the troops was finally overcome, when the Regiment was successful in getting a wider distribution of the Division publication, Sand Storm News, and the Corps publication, Beachhead news. In the earlier part of this Month, the S-1 reported

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COMMANDING OFFICERS AND STAFF OFFICERS, ON 1 MARCH 1944

Regimental Commander	Lt. Col. Charles B. Everest
Executive Officer	Major Roland Anderson
S-4	Capt. Allen P. Crowley
S-3	Capt. Maurice W. Stacy
S-2	1st Lt. Louis H. Hauser
S-1	Capt. Phineas F. Smith, Jr.
Regimental Surgeon	Capt. Wilhelm M. Johnson
Commanding Headquarters Company	Capt. Keith G. Van Krevelan
" Service Company	1st Lt. Fester C. Hayden
" Antitank Company	1st Lt. Jack K. White
" Cannon Company	Capt. Paul W. Blommen
" Medical Detachment	1st Lt. Edmund F. Obremski
" 1st Battalion	Major Ray J. Erickson
Executive Officer	Capt. Arnold H. Brandt
S-3	Capt. Gibbs M. Prevost
Commanding Headquarters Company	1st Lt. Anthony F. VonRuden
" Company "A"	Capt. William R. Howard
" Company "B"	Capt. William E. Smith
" Company "C"	Capt. James F. Garfield
" Company "D"	Capt. Donald J. Dodge
" 2nd Battalion	Major Donald G. Landon
Executive Officer	Capt. Robert E. McGraw
S-3	1st Lt. Richard H. Sugars
Commanding Headquarters Company C	Capt. Joel M. Lowison
" Company "E"	Capt. Ralph J. Mantkewski
" Company "F"	Capt. Alden S. Lance
" Company "G"	1st Lt. George E. Combs
" Company "H"	Capt. Einar H. Lund
" 3rd Battalion	Lt. Col. Fillmore K. Hearn
Executive Officer	Capt. Emil Skalicky
S-3	Capt. John L. Bridgeman
Commanding Headquarters Company	Capt. Thomas E. Chagin
" Company "I"	1st Lt. Reid B. Huff
" Company "K"	1st Lt. Luther L. Doty
" Company "L"	1st Lt. Spencer W. Jones
" Company "M"	1st Lt. John Shaffi

Changes in Commanding Officers and Staff Officers during the month of March 1944.

3 March 1944.

1. Lt. Col. Harry W. Sweeting assigned Regimental Commander.
2. Lt. Col. Charles B. Everest assigned Executive Officer.
- ~~3. Major Roland Anderson assigned Commanding Officer Service Company.~~

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7 March 1944. (Cont'd)

3. Major Roland Anderson assigned S-4
4. Capt. Allen P. Crowley assigned Commanding Officer Service Company.
5. Capt. James F. Garfield, Commanding Company "C" evacuated sick.

9 March 1944.

1. 1st Lt. Edmund F. Obremaki, Commanding Medical Detachment evacuated sick.
2. Capt. Carl J. Gumbert assigned command of Medical Detachment.

13 March 1944.

1. Capt. William R. Howard, Commanding Company "A", evacuated sick.

14 March 1944.

1. Lt. Col. Simon Castilla assigned per VOGG; assigned Commanding Officer 2nd Battalion.
2. Major Donald C. Landon assigned as Regimental S-3.
3. Capt. Emil Skalicky, Executive Officer 3rd Battalion transferred to Personnel Center Number 6 awaiting orders for trans-shipment to the United States under rotation plan.
4. Capt. Maurice W. Stacy, Regimental S-3, transferred to personnel center Number 6 awaiting orders for trans-shipment to the United States under rotation plan.
5. Capt. Thomas E. Chagin, Commanding Headquarters Company 3rd Battalion transferred to Personnel Center Number 6 awaiting orders for trans-shipment to the United States under rotation plan.
6. Capt. Harry Y. McSween returned to duty and assigned as Executive Officer 3rd Battalion.
7. 1st Lt. Richard H. Sugars, S-3 2nd Battalion evacuated sick.

18 March 1944.

1. Capt. Joe H. Kiable returned to duty as Commanding Officer Company "E".

19 March 1944.

1. 1st Lt. Robert N. Stokes assigned as Commanding Officer Company "A".
2. 1st Lt. Reid B. Huff Commanding Officer Company "I" evacuated sick.

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19 March 1944. (Cont'd)

3. 1st Lt. Donovan C. Griffin assigned as Commanding Officer Company "I",

21 March 1944.

1. 1st Lt. Jack K. White, Commanding Officer Anti-tank Company, promoted to Captain.

24 March 1944.

1. 1st Lt. Richard H. Sugars returned to duty as S-3, 2nd Battalion

25 March 1944.

1. Major Ray J. Erickson, Commanding Officer 1st Battalion received Battlefield promotion to Lt. Colonel.
2. 1st Lt. Louis H. Hauser, Regimental S-2 promoted to Captain.

26 March 1944.

1. Captain Robert E. McGraw, Executive Officer 2nd Battalion promoted to Major.
2. Captain Gibbs, M. Prevost, S-3, 1st Battalion evacuated wounded

28 March 1944.

1. Capt. Donald J. Dodge, Commanding Officer, Company "D", relieved of assignment and assigned as S-3, 1st Battalion.
2. 1st Lt. Herbert E. Grote assigned Commanding Officer Company "

30 March 1944.

1. 1st Lt. George L. Lambert assigned Commanding Officer Company "C".

31 March 1944.

1. Capt. John L. Bridgeman, S-3, 3rd Battalion evacuated injured.

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LOSSES IN ITALIAN CAMPAIGN, (From 1 March through 31 March 1944.)

1. Killed in action

8 March 1944

+ Pvt. Templeton, Gaihel B. 37243182 Co. "H"

28 March 1944

Pfc. Schellenberg, Louis 38459029 Co. "K"

30 March 1944

Pvt. Craig, Garnet W. 36657331 Co. "G"

+ Died of wounds after being evacuated to Hospital.

2. Wounded in Action

25 March 1944

Pfc. Crank Bert 35654791 Co. "B"

Pfc. Ebert, Donald J. 17181149 Co. "C"

26 March 1944

Capt. Prevost, Gibbs M. O-381928 Hq. Co. 1st Bn

27 March 1944

Pvt. Felix, Alfonso 35943119 Co. "K"

Pvt. Felix, Robert 35943119 Co. "K"

Pvt. Walker, Richard N. 34739869 Co. "K"

Pfc. Leveille, Clifford E. 31288002 Co. "K"

28 March 1944

Pvt. Susalla, James D. 33414413 Co. "A"

Pvt. Pauley, William F. 33830742 Co. "G"

Pvt. Pelions, Joseph F. 33864932 Co. "G"

T/Sgt. Anderson, Paul E. 20708722 Co. "G"

29 March 1944

Pfc. Church, James R. 37519359 Co. "C"

Pfc. Moore, John B., Jr. 34807222 Co. "C"

Pvt. DiCicco, Carl D. 33622006 Co. "G"

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LOSSES IN ACTION (Cont'd)

2. Wounded in action, Cont'd

29 March 1944, Cont'd

Pvt	Saboosik, Andrew M.	33793808	Co.	"K"
Pfc	Pillarella, Celio J.	31005841	Co.	"K"
Sgt	Bable, James E.	37397565	Co.	"L"
Pvt	Johnson, Alfred P.	36456975	Co.	"M"
Pvt	Teti, Mario R.	33699424	Co.	"M"

30 March 1944

Pfc	Becker, Henry J.	32898346	Co.	"K"
Pvt	Stephens, Timmie E.	34813209	Co.	"I"
Pvt	Leverett, Charles B.	36612302	Co.	"I"
S/Sgt	Myhre, Arthur H.	37028691	Co.	"L"

31 March 1944

Pfc	Mann, Harry L.	35670982	Co.	"E"
Pvt	Davis, Lester I.	37653785	Co.	"K"

LOSSES IN ITALIAN CAMPAIGN PRIOR TO MARCH, 1944, BUT NOT INCLUDED IN PREVIOUS LISTINGS.

1. Killed in Action (Previously listed as Missing in Action).

13 October 1943

Pfc	Hale, Claudie W.	34365356	Co.	"A"
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S U M M A R Y

	<u>Officers</u>	<u>Warrant Officers</u>	<u>Enlisted Men</u>
Killed in Action:	0	0	4
Wounded in Action:	1	0	24
Captured:	0	0	0
Missing in Action:	0	0	0

PHASE IX - 135TH INFANTRY REGIMENT HISTORY (Cont'd)

Changes in Commanding Officers and Staff Officers during the Month of April 1944.

1 April 1944.

1. Lt. Co. Simon Castillo, Commanding 2nd Battalion evacuated sick.

8 April 1944.

1. Capt. Wilhelm M. Johnson, Regimental Surgeon, promoted to Major per letter Headquarters NATOUSA.
2. Lt. Col. Simon Castillo returned to duty as Commanding Officer, 2nd Battalion.
3. Capt. William E. Smith, Commanding Officer Company "B" evacuated sick.
4. 1st Lt. Richard R. Giggia assigned Commanding Officer Company "B".

14 April 1944.

1. Major Donald C. Landon, Regimental S-3, transferred to PBS awaiting orders for trans-shipment to United States under rotation Plan.
2. Major Fred H. Lippucci assigned per 34th Division Special Orders assigned as Regimental S-3.

19 April 1944.

1. Lt. Co. Charles B. Everest, Executive Officer, Transferred to PBS awaiting orders for trans-shipment to United States under rotation Plan.
2. Lt. Col. John J. Phelan, assigned per 34th Division Special orders assigned as Executive Officer.

24 April 1944.

1. Capt. George E. Combs, Commanding Officer, Company "G", evacuated sick.

28 April 1944.

1. 1st Lt. Anthony F. NonRuden, Commanding Headquarters Company, 1st Battalion, killed in action.

LOSSES IN ACTION

Losses in Italian Campaign, (From 1 April through 30 April 1944).

1. Killed in Action

PHASE IX - 135TH INFANTRY REGIMENT HISTORY (Cont'd)

LOSSES IN ACTION (Cont'd)

1. Killed in Action (Cont'd)

2 April 1944

Pfc	Shinko, Michael S.	15354742	Co.	"X"
Pvt	Reese, James H.	34733719	Co.	"I"
P				

3 April 1944

Pfc	Logsdon, Ray L.	33721208	Co.	"G"
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4 April 1944

+ Pvt	Kosutic, Andres J.	33508883	Co.	"B"
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6 April 1944

Pfc	Waddard, Paul H.	34149611	Co.	"AT"
Pfc	Grigsby, Leslie W.	37196181	Co.	"AT"
Pvt	Schmidt, Jacob R.	36579935	Co.	"I"

7 April 1944

Pvt	Caynor, Richard J.	36518925	Co.	"I"
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8 April 1944

T/Sgt	Saboe, Lester R.	20709319	Co.	"X"
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11 April 1944

+ Pvt	Riddle, Kenneth	35138484	Co.	"G"
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12 April 1944

Pvt	Noble, Walter R.	35871410	Co.	"K"
Opl	Mischke, Martin A.	36260800	Co.	"K"
Pfc	Albrecht, Everett W.	36817832	Co.	"G"

13 April 1944

+ Pvt	Roxbury, Edwin R.	32614821	Co.	"M"
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16 April 1944

Pfc	Jacobs, Milton	32824292	Hq. Co. 2nd Bn
Pfc	Locicero, Michael S.	32414121	Hq. Co. 2nd Bn

PHASE IX - 135TH INFANTRY REGIMENT HISTORY (Cont'd)

LOSSES IN ACTION (Cont'd)

1. Killed in Action (Cont'd)

16 April 1944 (Cont'd)

Pfc	Potts, Herbert J.	35606782	Hq. Co. 2nd Bn
+ Pfc	Kotowski, Herbert C.	17051906	Co. "H"

18 April 1944

+ Pfc	Goggin, Robert G.	37343493	Co. "L"
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19 April 1944

Pvt	Hyer, Jesse C.	33651400	Co. Hq. 3rd Bn
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20 April 1944

Pfc	Arnold, Forrest E.	37396881	Co. "I"
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22 April 1944

Pfc	Heim, Leevern C.	36079364	Co. "L"
S/Sgt	Wester, Roy E.	33408913	Co. "B"
Pvt	Bennett, Charles F.	35662209	Co. "A"

27 April 1944

Pvt	Johneon, Fred	35606818	Co. "B"
Pvt	Watters, Raymond H.	31380649	Co. "B"
Pvt	Hullaney, John T.	366669663	Co. "G"
Pvt	Hee, William	31377453	Co. "G"

28 April 1944

1st Lt.	Von Ruden, Anthony F.	01290506	Hq. Co. 1st Bn
P/S	Rauth, William V.	32175640	Hq. Co. 1st Bn
Pfc	Sias, George A.	35648091	Hq. Co. 1st Bn

29 April 1944

Pvt	De Masi, Angelo G.	31338407	Co. "A"
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+ Died of Wounds after being evacuated to hospital.

2. Wounded in Action.

PHASE IX - 135TH INFANTRY REGIMENT HISTORY (Cont'd)

LOSSES IN ACTION. (Cont'd)

2. Wounded in Action (Cont'd)

2 April 1944

Pfc	Dolph, Allen R.	36453880	Co.	"A"
Pfc	Cabbage, Howard V.	33454590	Co.	"I"
Sgt	Thompson, Lyle W.	20709303	Co.	"K"

3 April 1944

Pvt	Nichols, Alfred J.	34812170	Co.	"G"
Pvt	Marsiglia, Joe J.	38519242	Co.	"K"
S/Sgt	Terrice, Casmer	36127630	Co.	"L"
Sgt	Seal, Kelly W.	33067799	Co.	"L"

4 April 1944

Pfc	Badzioch, Kas C., Jr.	36661498	Co.	"G"
Pfc	La Valle, Salvatore J.	31274538	Co.	"G"
Pfc	Hernandez, Pedro	39563081	Co.	"H"
Pvt	Strohm, Ben R.	37703237	Co.	"I"
Pfc	Larson, Bennett I.	37544417	Co.	"I"
Pvt	Stoyanott, Merl E.	36866478	Co.	"I"
Pfc	Glass, Barbee	34078297	Co.	"K"
Sgt	Knefner, Aloysius A.	32248978	Co.	"K"
Pfc	Engler, Horace J.	32910554	Co.	"L"

5 April 1944

Pvt	Cooper, Kevin E.	33317046	Hq. co.	1st Bn
Pvt	Benevento, John P.	32884322	Co.	"G"

6 April 1944

Pvt	Owens, John L.	34842733	Co.	"G"
Pfc	Weinert, William E.	13170700	Co.	"G"
S/Sgt	Ousted, Vera P.	37028895	Co.	"L"

7 April 1944

Pvt	Kenyon, Wilson L.	36162415	At. Co.	
Pvt	Canaga, Oliver B.	39857929	At. Co.	
T/Sgt	Brubaker, Osear B.	33232512	Co.	"O"
Pvt	Whitmoyer, Lawrence A.	33514857	Co.	"O"
Pfc	Bonadventure, John B.	31383891	Co.	"G"

PHASE IX - 135TH INFANTRY REGIMENT HISTORY (Cont'd)

LOSSES IN ACTION (Cont'd)

2. Wounded in Action (Cont'd)

7 April 1944 (Cont'd)

Pvt	Stamps, Ray E.	35142523	Co.	"G"
Pfc	Stefanick, Michael R.	32771010	Co.	"G"
Pfc	Tapper, Raymond S.	36856714	Co.	"G"
S/Sgt	Williams, Mortimer C.	33101978	Co.	"G"

8 April 1944

Sgt	Miller, Alex D.	20708910	Co.	"H"
T/4	Young, Howard D.	33067800	Co.	Hq. 2nd Bn
1st Lt.	McDaniel, Charles A.	0313264	Co.	"K"
2nd Lt.	Johnson, Donald R.	01703031	Co.	"K"
Pvt	Humbert, Leonard G.	33726338	Co.	"L"
Pfc	Albrecht, Harold E.	37477677	Co.	"L"
Sgt	Sterchi, Alfred P.	39402313	Co.	"H"

9 April 1944

Pvt	Nichols, Roland M.	34891486	Co.	"B"
Cpl	Nelson, Robert H.	37027157	Co.	"G"
Pfc	Bodkins, Robert R.	35224461	Co.	"G"
S/Sgt	Sampson, Berdeen P.	20709355	Co.	"K"

11 April 1944

Pvt	Fahr, Marcia L.	38512666	Co.	"K"
S/Sgt	Campbell, Roy	6292399	Co.	"L"
Pfc	Eldridge, Lowell H.	36484786	Co.	"L"

12 April 1944

Pvt	Hoble, Walter E.	35871410	Co.	"K"
Pvt	Melnich, Peter	33793933	Co.	"K"

13 April 1944

S/Sgt	Stecewicz, Walter A.	32181828	Co.	"F"
Pfc	Ingram, Walter W., Jr.	34785243	Co.	"L"

14 April 1944

Pfc	Noyes, Gordon M.	12023757	Co.	"G"
Pvt	Olson, Harold H.	36680055	Co.	"G"

PHASE IX - 135TH INFANTRY REGIMENT HISTORY (Cont'd)

LOSSES IN ACTION (Cont'd)

2. Wounded in Action (Cont'd)

14 April 1944 (Cont'd)

Pvt	McAdams, Frank W.	35272553	Co.	"G"
Pfc	Hedriguez, Lionardo	38458797	Co.	"K"

15 April 1944

Sgt	Schwensen, Douglas R.	37466213	Co.	"B"
S/Sgt	Wagoner, Robert D.	36411903	Co.	"C"
Pfc	Fisher, Miles R.	35702215	Co.	"E"

16 April 1944

Pfc	Bass, Leo S.	35700211	Co.	"D"
Pvt	Kootala, Daniel J.	16175890	Co.	"I"
S/Sgt	Hausler, Peter	37026071	Co.	"K"
Pvt	Walker, Richard H.	34739869	Co.	"K"
Pvt	McNamee, Daniel L.	33793791	Co.	"K"
Pvt	Sklar, Gerald I.	36867005	Co.	"K"

17 April 1944

S/Sgt	Nichlitsch, Paul P.	37027459	Co.	"B"
T/Sgt	Thielhorn, Fred L.	20708291	Co.	"E"
Pvt	Keckanowski, William P.	36761579	Co.	"E"
Pfc	Loftin, James P.	31025298	Co.	"E"
Pfc	Hunt, Elmer L.	34785200	Co.	"E"
2nd Lt.	Moreau, Louis S.	01299454	Co.	"E"
Pfc	Harphy, Edward D.	32752562	Co.	"E"
Pvt	Jackson, Tom W.	36829233	Co.	"E"

19 April 1944

1st Lt.	Terry, Russell G.	01309440	Co.	"M"
	(on TD with 135th Inf from PBS-- Pers Cen 6)			
Pvt	Healer, Roy C.	34623837	Co.	"A"
2nd Lt.	Maloney, Richard E.	01323153	Co.	"C"
	(On TD with 135th Inf from PBS--Pers Cen 6)			
Sgt	Jorganson, Alf M.	20709070	Co.	Hq. 3rd Bn
Pfc	Edson, Edward R.	36809781	Co.	"I"
Pfc	Hersom, Edward E.	31154335	Co.	"K"
Pvt	Torres, Carl P.	36869571	Co.	"K"

PHASE IX - 135TH INFANTRY REGIMENT HISTORY (Cont'd)

LOSSES IN ACTION (Cont'd)

2. Wounded in Action (Cont'd)

20 April 1944

Pfc	Latta, Shirley W.	14119093	Co.	"A"
Sgt	Whealer, Robert L.	34590089	Co.	"L"

21 April 1944

Pfc	Bourgeois, Leo E.	38263236	Co.	"L"
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22 April 1944

Cpl	Tharp, Forrest G.	37350568	Med	Det
Pfc	Trexler, Christopher C.	34175392	Co.	"A"
Pfc	Pietroznyk, Stacey J.	32918838	Co.	"A"
Pvt	Nolley, Douglas I.	33655991	Co.	"A"
Sgt	Owens, Albert D.	37476958	Co.	"B"
Pfc	Stegall, Howard E.	37608329	Co.	"H"

23 April 1944

Pvt	Tauscher, Kenneth E.	31371299	Co.	"C"
1st Lt.	Berry, Henry R.	0-1292642	Co.	"F"
Pvt	Mosteller, Roy L.	35733920	Co.	"G"
Pvt	Maupin, Kemper A.	33119712	Co.	"K"
Pvt	Gerzabek, John A.	31335282	Co.	"G"
End Lt.	Pulliam, William B.	01312852	Co.	"L"

24 April 1944

Pvt	Pandel, George S.	12006999	Co.	"C"
Pvt	Kriznik, Harry J.	35914362	Co.	"C"

25 April 1944

Pfc	Schwarz, William E.	32182533	Co.	"H"
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26 April 1944

Pfc	Ritter, Harvey W.	33719567	Co.	"C"
Pfc	Mengle, Robert H.	33624670	Co.	"C"
Pvt	Wright, J. R.	34678202	Co.	"C"
Pvt	Lewis, Eugene R.	33435426	Co.	"C"
Pvt	Roy, Robert F.	31373066	Co.	"C"

PHASE IX - 135TH INFANTRY REGIMENT HISTORY (Cont'd)

LOSSES IN ACTION (Cont'd)

2. Wounded in Action (Cont'd)

26 April 1944 (Cont'd)

Pvt	Gohl, Gerald A.	36869356	Co.	"C"
Pvt	Bates, Clarence	32266301	Co.	"C"
Pvt	Lodola, Ferrer U.	31381488	Co.	"C"
Pvt	Mills, Alma C.	34813159	Co.	"F"
Sgt	Rowe, James F.	32779309	Co.	"I"
Pvt	Sanders, Clyde, Jr.	34813159	Co.	"I"

28 April 1944

Pvt	Hollis, Joseph D.	31371342	Co.	"C"
Pfc	Wallach, Sam	36670101	Co.	"C"
Pvt	Guillaume, Eddie H.	31269529	Co.	"D"

29 April 1944

T/Sgt	Shields, Vincent F.	20707369	At. Co.	
Pfc	Garcia, Adolph	20822477	Co.	"A"

3. Captured

11 April 1944

Pvt	Francis, George A.	33830861	Co.	"C"
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4. *Missing in Action* -----

9 April 1944

S/Sgt	Evans, George A.	6257815	Co.	"I"
Pfc	Mullins, Milton A.	34735172	Co.	"I"
Pfc	Guinan, Joseph F.	32795304	Co.	"I"
Pfc	LeVair, Robert F.	32857394	Co.	"I"
Pfc	Sudol, Frank	32771498	Co.	"I"
Pvt	Del Grosse, George A.	33733251	Co.	"I"
Pvt	Pennington, Marvin W.	34813361	Co.	"I"
Pvt	Pubh, James L.	34810399	Co.	"I"

21 April 1944

Pvt	Eisen, George A.	32877891	Co.	"I"
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25 April 1944

Sgt	Cummings, William W.	13020533	Co.	"D"
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PHASE IX - 135TH INFANTRY REGIMENT HISTORY (Cont'd)

LOSSES IN ACTION (Cont'd)

4. Missing in Action(Cont'd)

26 April 1944

Pvt	Green, Russell W.	42000833	Co. "C"
Pvt	Merchant, Charles H.	33733276	Co. "C"

27 April 1944

Pvt	Redophels, Frank R.	31360267	Co. "C"
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LOSSES IN ITALIAN CAMPAIGN PRIOR TO APRIL, 1944, BUT NOT INCLUDED IN PREVIOUS LISTINGS.

1. Killed in Action

13 October 1944

Pfc	Beecham, Hurchle	34149658	Co. "A"
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10 February 1944

Sgt	Pittman, Robert O.	0561170	Co. "B"
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2. Missing in Action

8 February 1944

Pfc	Sunchiener, Robert W.	12201508	Co. "B"
Pvt	Lang, Richard W.	37581349	Co. "B"
Pvt	Girard, William O.	31264566	Co. "B"
Pfc	Marshall, John J.	36669733	Co. "B"

S U M M A R Y

	<u>Officers</u>	<u>Warrant Officers</u>	<u>Enlisted men</u>
Killed in Action:	1	0	33
Wounded in Action:	7	0	103
Captured:	0	0	1
Missing in Action:	0	0	17

PHASE IX - 135TH INFANTRY REGIMENT HISTORY (Cont'd)

COMMANDING OFFICERS AND STAFF OFFICERS, ON 1 MAY 1944.

Regimental Commander	Lt. Col. Harry W. Sweeting
Executive Officer	Lt. Col. John J. Phelan
S-4	Major Roland Anderson
S-3	Major Fred H. Lippucci
S-2	Capt Louis H. Hauser
S-1	Capt B. F. Smith, Jr.
Regimental Surgeon	Major Wilhelm H. Johnson
Commanding Headquarters Company	Capt Keith O. Van Krevelen
" Service Company	Capt Allan P. Crowley
" Antitank Company	Capt Jack K. White
" Cannon Company	Capt Paul W. Blommen
" Medical Detachment	Capt Carl J. Gumbert
" First Battalion	Lt. Col Ray J. Erickson
Executive Officer	Capt Arnold H. Brandt
S-3	Capt Donald J. Dodge
Commanding Headquarters Company	
" Company "A"	1st Lt. Robert N. Stokes
" Company "B"	Capt William E. Smith
" Company "C"	1st Lt. George L. Lambert
" Company "D"	1st Lt. Herbert E. Grote
" Second Battalion	Lt. Col. Simon Castillo
Executive Officer	Major Robert E. McGraw
S-3	Capt Richard H. Sugars
Commanding Headquarters Company	Capt Joel M. Lewison
" Company "E"	Capt Joe H. Kimble
" Company "F"	Capt Aiden S. Lance
" Company "G"	Capt George E. Combs
" Company "H"	Capt Einer M. Lund
" Third Battalion	Lt. Col. Fillmore K. Mearns
Executive Officer	Capt Harry Y. McSween
S-3	Capt John L. Bridgeman
Commanding Headquarters Company	1st Lt. Vincent P. De Augustine
" Company "I"	1st Lt. Donovan C. Griffin
" Company "K"	1st Lt. Luther L. Doty, Jr.
" Company "L"	1st Lt. Spencer W. Jones
" Company "M"	1st Lt. John Scaffi

Changes in Commanding Officers and Staff Officers during the month of May 1944.

1 May 1944

1. 1st Lt. Robert N. Stokes, Commanding Company A, evacuated sick.
2. Capt. William R. Howard assigned Commanding Officer, Company "A"

PHASE IX - 135TH INFANTRY REGIMENT HISTORY (Cont'd)

COMMANDING OFFICERS IN ENGAGEMENTS, (Cont'd)

2 May 1944

1. Capt. William R. Howard relieved of assignment as Commanding Officer Company "A", and assigned Commanding Officer, Headquarters Company, First Battalion.
2. 1st Lt. George L. Lambert relieved of assignment as Commanding Officer, Company "C", and assigned Commanding Officer, Company "A".
3. Capt. James F. Garfield assigned Commanding Officer, Company "C".

4 May 1944

1. 1st Lt. Spencer W. Jones, Commanding Officer Company "L", transferred to Headquarters 34th Inf. Division.
2. 1st Lt. Joe (NMI) Humble assigned Commanding Officer, Company "L".

5 May 1944

1. Capt Donald J. Dodge, S-3 1st Battalion, evacuated sick.
2. Lt. Col. Ray J. Erickson, relieved assignment as Commanding Officer 1st Battalion, and assigned as Regimental Executive Officer.
3. Lt. Col. John J. Phelan relieved of assignment as Executive Officer 135th Infantry, and assigned as Commanding Officer, 1st Battalion.
4. 1st Lt. Donovan C. Griffin, Commanding Officer, Company "I", promoted to Captain by Battlefield Promotion. Subject letter, Fifth Army.

6 May 1944

1. 1st Lt. Nelson L. Lindstrand assigned as S-3, 1st Battalion.

14 May 1944

1. Capt. Arnold N. Brandt, Executive Officer, 1st Battalion, evacuated sick.
2. 1st Lt. Reid B. Huff assigned as S-1 and Headquarters Company Commander, 3rd Battalion. 1st Lt. Vincent P. De Augustine transferred to Service Company.
3. Capt. Leslie W. Bailey assigned Executive Officer, 1st Battalion.

PHASE IX - 135TH INFANTRY REGIMENT HISTORY (Cont'd)

LOSSES IN ACTION (From 1 May through 31 May 1944.)

1. Killed in Action

3 May 1944

Pfc	Felt, Wilbert N.	36567230	Co.	"K"
Pvt	Keller, Andre P.	33793354	Co.	"K"
Pvt	Evans, David R.	36685154	Co.	"K"
Pvt	Wachter, Norman H.	33721196	Co.	"K"
+ Pvt	Kriznik, Harry J.	35914362	Co.	"C"

7 May 1944

Pvt	Jones, Clyde D.	38332652	Co.	"E"
Pvt	Kelly, James E.	33653323	Co.	"E"

+ Died of Wounds after being evacuated to hospital.

2. Wounded in Action.

3 May 1944

Sgt	Franks, Walter L.	32311747	Hq.	Co. 1st Bn
Sgt	Griddle, Robert E.	38333165	Hq.	Co. 1st Bn
Pfc	Hefner, Ray O.	34175341	Hq.	Co. 3rd Bn
Cpl	Johannsen, Marvin J.	20709760	Hq.	Co. 3rd Bn
Pvt	Higgins, Aaron G.	33656047	Co.	"K"
Pfc	Tennant, Raymond	38321433	Co.	"K"

7 May 1944

Pfc	Pheffer, Hayman	32541557	Cannon Co.
Pvt	Davis, Joseph H.	33700292	Co. "G"
Pfc	Hansen, Stanley V.	37552806	Co. "G"

9 May 1944

S/Sgt	Hudson, Thomas A.	34642990	Cannon Co.
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10 May 1944

Pvt	Dietrich, Ralph W.	37477616	Co. "B"
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11 May 1944

Pvt	Suchanski, Bernard A.	36713536	Co. "C"
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14 May 1944

Pvt	Balogh, Frank	32906882	Hq. Co.
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PHASE IX - 135TH INFANTRY REGIMENT HISTORY (Cont'd)

LOSSES IN ACTION (Cont'd)

2. Wounded in Action (Cont'd)

14 May 1944 (Cont'd)

Pfc Chariton, Joseph J. 33474917 Sq. Co. 2nd Bn

LOSSES IN ITALIAN CAMPAIGN PRIOR TO MAY 1944, BUT NOT INCLUDED IN PREVIOUS LISTINGS:

MISSING IN ACTION:

11 January 1944

Pvt McInnis, Robert A. 31358445 Co. "G"

3 February 1944

Pfc Lamont, Howard G. 33779333 Co. "G"

SUMMARY

	<u>Officers</u>	<u>Warrant Officers</u>	<u>Enlisted Men</u>
Killed in Action:	0	0	8
Wounded in Action:	0	0	19
Missing In Action:	0	0	2
Captured in Action:	0	0	0